EXHIBIT 165

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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	ARTERLY REPORT CHANGE ACT OF 1934	PURSUANT	TO SECTIO	ON 13	OR	15(d)	OF	THE	SECURITIES		
	FOR THI	E QUARTERLY	PERIOD ENDER	: SEPT	EMBE	R 30, 20	20				
	ANSITION REPORT CHANGE ACT OF 1934	PURSUANT	OR TO SECTION	ON 13	OR	15(d)	OF	THE	SECURITIES		
	FOR		TION PERIOD FROM FILE NUMBE								
			ECIVIC	/							
	(Exact name of	egistrant as specifi	ied in its	charte	r)					
MARYLAND (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)				62-1763875 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)							
5501 VIRGINIA WAY BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE (Address of principal executive offices)				37027 (Zip Code)							
		(Registra	(615) 263-3000 nt's telephone number,	including	area cod	e)					
	Se	ecurities register	ed pursuant to Section	on 12(b)	of the A	Act:					
	Title of each class		Trading Symbol(s)		Name	e of each	exchai	nge on w	hich registered		
Common Stock			CXW	New York Stock Exchange							
Exchange	y check mark whether the reg Act of 1934 during the preced s been subject to such filing rea	ing 12 months (or for such shorter p								
Indicate b pursuant to submit suc	by check mark whether the reso Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ch files).										
company,	y check mark whether the regis or an emerging growth con , and "emerging growth compa	npany. See defi	nitions of "large a	ccelerate							
Large acce	elerated filer		Accelerat	ed filer							
	erated filer		Smaller re	eporting	compar	ıy					
Emerging	growth company										
complying Indicate by	rging growth company, indicates with any new or revised finantly check mark whether the register number of shares outstanding	cial accounting strant is a shell co	standards provided pompany (as defined	oursuant t in Rule 1	to Secti 2b-2 of	on 13(a) The Excl	of the	Exchange	e Act. □		
			par value per share				tandin	g.			

Financing Leasing Transactions

On January 24, 2018, CoreCivic entered into a 20-year lease agreement with the Kansas Department of Corrections ("KDOC") for a 2,432-bed correctional facility to be constructed by the Company in Lansing, Kansas. The new facility replaces the Lansing Correctional Facility, Kansas' largest correctional complex for adult male inmates, originally constructed in 1863. CoreCivic is responsible for facility maintenance throughout the 20-year term of the lease, at which time ownership will revert to the state of Kansas. Construction of the facility commenced in the first quarter of 2018, and construction was completed in January 2020, at which time the lease commenced. CoreCivic accounts for the lease with the KDOC partially as a financing receivable under ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)", with the remaining portion of the lease payments attributable to maintenance services and capital expenditures as revenue streams under ASC 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". As of September 30, 2020, the financing receivable was \$149.7 million recognized in Other Assets on the consolidated balance sheet. Prior to commencement of the lease, the costs incurred to construct the facility were reflected as a construction receivable and, as of December 31, 2019, \$137.7 million was recognized in Other Assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The cash payments associated with the construction of the project were reported as expenditures for facility development and expansions on the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Operating Leasing Transactions

In September 2020, the term of the amended inter-governmental service agreement ("IGSA") between the city of Dilley, Texas and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE") to care for up to 2,400 individuals at the South Texas Family Residential Center, a facility the Company leases in Dilley, Texas, was extended from September 2021 to September 2026. ICE's termination rights, which permit ICE to terminate the agreement for convenience or non-appropriation of funds, without penalty, by providing the Company with at least a 60-day notice, were unchanged under the extension. Concurrent with the extension of the amended IGSA, the lease with the third-party lessor for the site was also extended through September 2026. Other terms of the extended lease agreement were unchanged and provide the Company with the ability to terminate the lease if ICE terminates the amended IGSA associated with the facility. As a result of the lease modification, the Company re-measured the lease liability at the effective date of the modification, and recognized a corresponding adjustment to increase the right-of-use asset amounting to \$116.0 million.

Idle Facilities

As of September 30, 2020, CoreCivic had five idled correctional facilities in the CoreCivic Safety segment that are currently available and being actively marketed as solutions to meet the needs of potential customers. The following table summarizes each of the idled facilities and their respective carrying values, excluding equipment and other assets that could generally be transferred and used at other facilities CoreCivic owns without significant cost (dollars in thousands):

			Net Carrying Values				
Facility	Design Capacity	Date Se Idled		September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
Prairie Correctional Facility	1,600	2010	\$	14,277	\$	14,863	
Huerfano County Correctional Center	752	2010		16,062		16,266	
Diamondback Correctional Facility	2,160	2010		38,421		39,729	
Marion Adjustment Center	826	2013		11,148		11,351	
Kit Carson Correctional Center	1,488	2016		52,712		54,041	
	6,826		\$	132,620	\$	136,250	

As of September 30, 2020, CoreCivic also had one idled non-core facility in its Safety segment containing 240 beds with a total net book value of \$3.1 million; four facilities in its Community segment, including three that became idle during 2020, containing an aggregate of 939 beds with a total net book value of \$13.7 million; and three previously leased residential reentry centers in its Properties segment, containing an aggregate of 430 beds with a total net book value of \$9.2 million.

CoreCivic incurred approximately \$2.1 million and \$1.9 million in operating expenses at these idled facilities for the period they were idle during the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. CoreCivic incurred approximately \$6.1 million and \$5.4 million in operating expenses at these idled facilities for the period they were idle during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

On April 15, 2020, CoreCivic sold an idled facility in its Community segment, containing 92 beds, for a gross sales price of \$1.6 million. In anticipation of the sale, CoreCivic reported an impairment charge of \$0.5 million in the first quarter of 2020 based on the realizable value resulting from the sale. On May 26, 2020, CoreCivic sold an idled non-core facility in its Safety segment, containing 200 beds with a net book value of \$0.5 million, for net proceeds of \$3.3 million. The gain on the sale of \$2.8 million was recognized in the second quarter of 2020 and reflected in other income on the consolidated statement of operations.

On September 15, 2020, CoreCivic announced that it had entered into a new contract under an IGSA between the city of Cushing, Oklahoma and the U.S. Marshals Service to utilize the Company's 1,692-bed Cimarron Correctional Facility in the CoreCivic Safety segment. The Company had previously announced its intention to idle the Cimarron facility during the third quarter of 2020, predominately due to a lower number of inmate populations from the state of Oklahoma resulting from COVID-19, combined with the consequential impact of COVID-19 on the State's budget. The new management contract commenced on September 15, 2020, and has an initial term of three years, with unlimited 24-month extension options thereafter upon mutual agreement. As of September 30, 2020, the net book value of the Cimarron facility was \$73.3 million.

Also as a result of the lower resident populations from the state of Oklahoma and the impact of COVID-19, CoreCivic Community transferred the remaining resident populations at its 390-bed Tulsa Transitional Center to Oklahoma's system, idling the Tulsa facility during the third quarter of 2020. Closure of the Tulsa facility followed the closure of the 200-bed Oklahoma City Transitional Center during the second quarter of 2020, and the 289-bed Turley Residential Center in Oklahoma in 2019. During the fourth quarter of 2020, the Federal Bureau of Prisons ("BOP") awarded a new contract to CoreCivic for residential reentry and home confinement services pursuant to a solicitation for capacity and services to be provided in the state of Oklahoma. As a result, CoreCivic expects to reactivate the Turley Residential Center during the first quarter of 2021, and provide the BOP additional reentry services at its owned and operated Oklahoma Reentry Opportunity Center (formerly known as the Carver Transitional Center) in Oklahoma which will supplement the existing utilization by the state of Oklahoma.

CoreCivic considers the cancellation of a contract or an expiration and non-renewal of a lease agreement in its CoreCivic Properties segment as an indicator of impairment, and tested each of the idled properties for impairment when it was notified by the respective customers or tenants that they would no longer be utilizing such property. CoreCivic evaluates on a quarterly basis market developments for the potential utilization of each of these properties in order to identify events that may cause CoreCivic to reconsider its most recent assumptions, such as the agreement to sell a property at less than its carrying value. As a result of CoreCivic's analyses, in the second quarter of 2020, CoreCivic reported an impairment charge of \$9.8 million on one of the residential reentry facilities in Oklahoma, based on its anticipated use as a commercial real estate property rather than a reentry facility. The fair value measurement for the Oklahoma residential reentry facility was estimated using unobservable Level 3 inputs, as defined in ASC 820, using market comparable data for similar properties in the local market.

5. DEBT

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Sep	otember 30, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Revolving Credit Facility maturing April 2023. Interest payable periodically at variable interest rates. The weighted average rate at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was 1.7% and 3.3%, respectively.	\$	456,000	\$	365,000	
Term Loan A maturing April 2023. Interest payable periodically at variable interest rates. The rate at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was 1.6% and 3.3%, respectively. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$0.1 million at both September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.		182,500		190,000	
Term Loan B maturing December 2024. Interest payable periodically at variable interest rates. The rate at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was 5.5% and 6.3%, respectively. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$4.3 million and \$4.6					
million at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. 4.625% Senior Notes maturing May 2023. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$1.6 million and \$2.1 million at		240,625		250,000	
September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. 5.0% Senior Notes maturing October 2022. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$1.0 million and \$1.3 million at		350,000		350,000	
September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. 4.75% Senior Notes maturing October 2027. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$2.8 million and \$3.1 million at		250,000		250,000	
September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. 4.5% Capital Commerce Center Non-Recourse Mortgage Note maturing January 2033. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted		250,000		250,000	
to \$0.3 million at both September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. 4.43% Lansing Correctional Center Non-Recourse Mortgage Note maturing January 2040. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$3.2 million and \$3.3 million at September 30, 2020 and		21,258		22,209	
December 31, 2019, respectively. 4.5% SSA-Baltimore Non-Recourse Mortgage Note maturing February 2034. Unamortized debt issuance costs amounted to \$0.2		158,570		159,522	
million at both September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. 4.91% Government Real Estate Solutions Non-Recourse Mortgage Note maturing November 2025.		145,915 51,545		150,134	
Total debt		2,106,413		1,986,865	
Unamortized debt issuance costs		(13,452)		(14,993)	
Unamortized original issue discount		(10,625)		(12,500)	
Current portion of long-term debt		(38,644)		(31,349)	
Long-term debt, net	\$	2,043,692	\$	1,928,023	

Revolving Credit Facility. On April 17, 2018, CoreCivic entered into the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (referred to herein as the "Bank Credit Agreement") in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1.0 billion. The Bank Credit Agreement provides for a term loan of \$200.0 million (the "Term Loan A") and a revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$800.0 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The Bank Credit Agreement has a maturity of April 2023. The Bank Credit Agreement also contains an "accordion" feature that provides for uncommitted incremental extensions of credit in the form of increases in the revolving commitments or incremental term loans of up to \$350.0 million. At CoreCivic's option, interest on outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility is based on either a base rate plus a margin ranging from 0.00% to 1.00% or at the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin ranging from 1.00% to 2.00% based on CoreCivic's then-current leverage ratio. The Revolving Credit Facility includes a \$30.0 million sublimit for swing line loans that enables CoreCivic to borrow at the base rate from the Administrative Agent on same-day notice.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CORECIVIC, INC.

Date: November 5, 2020

/s/ Damon T. Hininger

Damon T. Hininger

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ David M. Garfinkle

David M. Garfinkle

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and

Principal Accounting Officer

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